







Algae-based fertilizing products from recycled side-streams: the legal journey

Brussels, 18/09/2024













ROHELINE VIHMAVARI OÜ

Study to Support a Sustainable Algae Industry

CINEA/2023/OP/0006/SI2.906327

Brussels

18.September 2024



Who are we?

Who are you?

Algae products in the Fertilizing Product Regulation

Marcella Fernandes de Souza, UGhent

Algae in the European Green Deal





Do not require arable land



Do not require freshwater

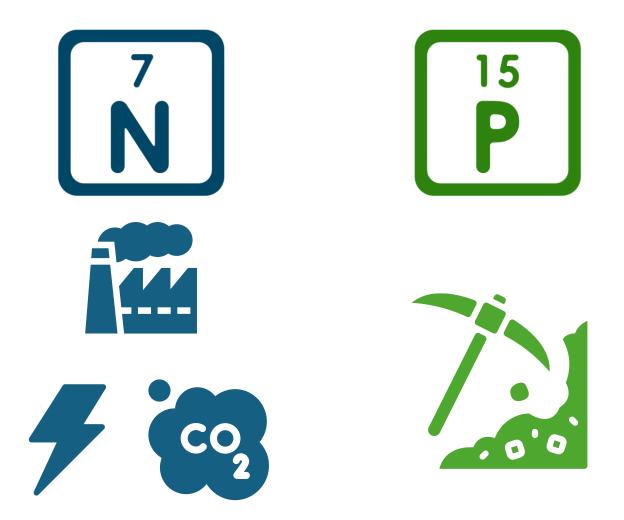


Capture CO₂

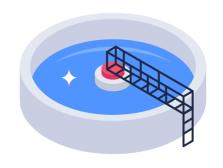


Reduced seasonality

Current algae production is not sustainable



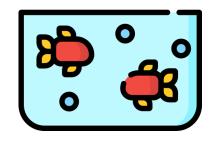
Recycled nutrients for algae production



Urban WW



Manure digestate



Aquaculture effluent



Horticulture effluent

Can algae grown on recycled nutrients be used as fertilizing products?

Can algae be used as fertilizing products?

Relevant PFCs:

1.A.I. Solid organic fertilizer

1.A.II Liquid organic fertilizer

6.B. Non-microbial plant biostimulant





1.A.I. Solid organic fertilizer







2.5%







2.0% (P₂O₅)







2.0% (K₂O)

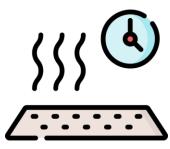












Drying required!

1.A.II Liquid organic fertilizer





2.0%





1.0% (P₂O₅)



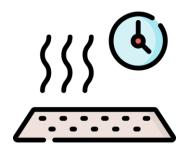


2.0% (K₂O)









Drying required!

1.A.II Liquid organic fertilizer





2.0%





1.0% (P₂O₅)



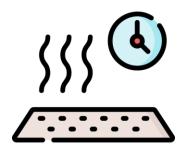


2.0% (K₂O)

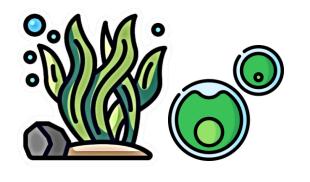








Drying required!



CMC 2: Plants, plant parts or plant extracts

Includes algae Excludes cyanobacteria

CMC 1 chemical extraction

Waste and ABP are mainly excluded

CMC 5 anaerobic digestion

No sewage sludge; ABP needs an end-point

CMC 13 pyrolysis/ gasification

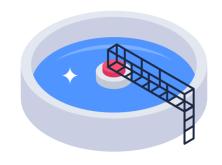
No sewage sludge; ABP needs an end-point

Can algae grown on recycled nutrients be used as fertilizing products?

Algae grown on recycled nutrients and the FPR







Sewage Sludge?
Waste subjected to the WFD?



End-point for digestate?

Digestate as fertilizer for algae as crop?









Organic algae-based fertilizing products (WP2)

Efthalia Arvaniti, PhD // s.Pro - sustainable-projects.GmbH

ea@sustainable-projects.eu





Objectives

1. Assessment of alternative sources of carbon & nutrients for organic microalgae cultivation for fertiliser markets, with emphasis on analysing legal framework & application of EU laws by MS

2. A set of validated recommendations of viable alternative sources of carbon & nutrients considering economic, legal and environmental dimensions







EU Algae Initiative

23 EU Algae Initiative Actions WP2 title Action 8 - work with the algae industry and member States to: **A.** Identify valid and <u>safe alternatives</u> to the use of nutrients and CO2 **Nutrients for organic** from various sources for microalgae cultivation & organic certification microalgae/ cyanobacteria production (B. Promote the extraction of nutrients from algae biomass \rightarrow WP3 Marcella) **C.** Support the <u>life cycle assessment</u> of the environmental and climate impact of algae cultivation and production







Methodology

Output	Planned Content
1. Landscaping of EU, national strategies, implementation plans, laws & industry standards	 1 - <u>EU regulations</u> relevant to using algae as ingredient in <u>fertilizers for organic farming</u>, including organic production scenarios with seaweeds 2 - <u>Regulation 2021/1165</u> on using recycled carbon and nutrients in production of organic microalgae as fertiliser for organic farming







Algae Value Chains

Microalgae growth media

- N, P, K
- DOC
- Trace elements

Microalgae products

- Microalgae-based feeds for:
 - Farmed fish (also carnivorous)
 - Bivalves
- Microalgae-based fertilising products for:
 - Terrestrial plants (apply on land)
 - Aquatic plants, e.g. aquaponics
 - Other Algae!





[Organic] algae regulatory controversies

Algae are NOT finfish but are treated like an animal

Are microalgae fed or fertilized?

 Can an "organic" fertilizer be a sustainably-sourced mineral fertilizer?







Definitions

EU Reg. 2018/848 on organic production and labelling of organic products:

- 'Organic production' means the use (<u>including during the conversion period</u>) of production methods that comply with this Regulation at all stages of production, preparation and distribution;
- 'Organic product' means a product resulting from organic production (other than a product produced during the conversion period);
- 'Production unit' means all assets of a holding, such as primary production premises, e.g.fish ponds, <u>containment systems and sites for algae</u> or aquaculture animals, shore or seabed concessions, and premises for the storage of e.g. <u>algae products</u>, animal products, raw materials and of any other relevant inputs.







Regulation (EU) 2018/848

on organic production and labelling of organic products:

- Article 15 Production rules for algae and aquaculture animals (!)
 - The Commission **shall adopt implementing acts** with detailed rules per species / group of species on the specific characteristics for production and containment systems → see also 2021/1165.
- Article 24 Authorisation of products and substances for use in organic production
 - The Commission will certain products and substances for use in organic production, and **include any such** authorised products and substances in <u>restrictive lists</u>, for the following purposes:
 - as active substances to be used in **plant protection** products;
 - as fertilisers, soil conditioners and nutrients;
- Annex II Part III: Production rules for algae and aquaculture animals (!)
 - Operations should be situated in locations that are **NOT subject to contamination with substances not authorised for use in organic production,** or with pollutants that compromise the organic nature of the products.
 - · Only nutrients of plant or mineral origin authorised for use
 - The cultivation of algae shall take place only in areas with high status of environmental and health characteristics
 - For organic fish water treatment: For organic aquaculture animal production in fishponds, tanks or raceways, farms shall be equipped with ue e.g. use algae to improve the quality of the effluent -> but not organic algae!







EU Reg. 2021/1165

on authorising certain products and substances for use in <u>organic</u> production and establishing their lists:

- Annex II Authorised fertilisers, soil conditioners and nutrients to use for organic Algae and algae products:
 - <u>Sustainable condition:</u> **only if nutrients are organic** or collected in a sustainable way
 - <u>Technical condition</u>: ok if nutrients are processed (grindses,d dehydrated, extracted (aqueous), or fermented







In conclusion

Organic Fertilisers

Nutrients



Organic Algae

Nutrients must be:

- of plant or mineral origin
- organic or collected sustainably

Algae produced with the following nutrients canNOT be organic fertilisers:

- Non-organic nutrients
- Organic Fish waste / IMTA







Moderated Q&A

How do you perceive the use of algae grown on recycled nutrients/wastewaters for the (organic) production of fertilizers or biostimulants?

What do you think are the main hurdles to place in the market such fertilizing products?

What do you think would be the best way(s) to support the market of algae fertilisers for (organic) farming?



Thank you for your attention! Please contact us if you have extra information

Marcella Souza

Efthalia Arvaniti

Marcella.fernandesdesouza@ugent.be

Ea@sustainable-projects.eu



